

Evolution of American Political Parties

Progressive

Prohibition

1790s

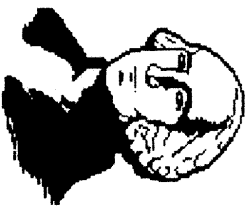
1800-1823

1824-1828

1837-1859

1860-Today

Liberarian



Washington: said No Parties, but sided with Hamilton's Federal ideas

Democratic/Republicans

Jefferson-Madison/Monroe

Democratic/Republicans

J.Q. Adams

Democrats

Jackson



Douglas (lost) -Clinton



Federalists

Hamilton/Adams

National/Republicans

J.Q. Adams

Whigs

Webster

Republicans

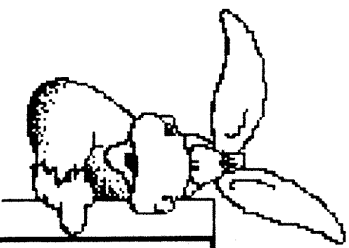
LINCOLN-DOLE



"I feel your pain"

Free Soil

Anti-Masonic

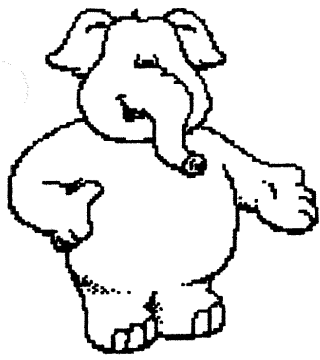


Vote for me I represent the "Common Man"

Know-Nothing



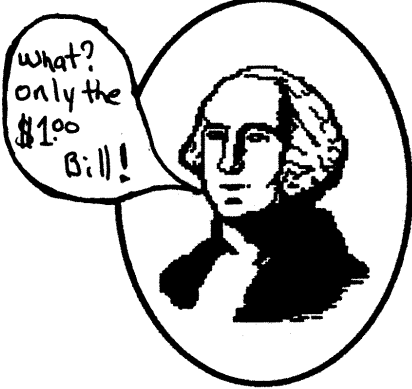
The Birth of American Party Politics



George Washington
(no political party)

Alexander Hamilton
Secretary of Treasury

Thomas Jefferson
Secretary of State



Hamilton quits the Cabinet to form the Federalist political party

Jefferson quits the Cabinet to form the Democrat/Republican political party

Washington does not run for his third term, warns the country about foreign alliances, and political parties.

The Election of 1796

The Federalists nominate John Adams to run for the Presidency.
He wins a majority of the votes, but under the Constitution his Vice-President is Jefferson.

The Democrat/Republican party nominates Jefferson. This second place finish gets him the consolation prize- the Vice-Presidency.

The Election of 1800

The Federalists nominate Adams again, but the party is split on several issues. Hamilton (Jefferson's old rival) makes Jefferson President by breaking the House of Representative tie

Democrat/Republican party nominates Jefferson for President and Aaron Burr for VP. Jefferson & Burr tie and the House of Representatives has to vote on who wins. (It takes 36 votes)

Chapter 15 Political Parties

1797 News Flash: George Washington Retires
Hamilton & Jefferson immediately form two political parties

FEDERALISTS:

- 2) *John Adams* (1797-1801)

Federalist opposition to the
War of 1812 destroys them

DEMOCRATIC/REPUBLICANS:

- 3) *Thomas Jefferson* (1801-1809)
4) *James Madison* (1809-1817)
5) *James Monroe* (1817-1825)

SPLIT

NATIONAL REPUBLICANS

- 6) *John Quincy Adams* (1825-1829)

Changed their name to WHIGS
to change their image

DEMOCRATS (same as today)

- 7) *Andrew Jackson* (1829-1837)
8) *Martin Van Buren* (1837-1841)

Panic of 1837 throws votes
to the new Whig Party.

WHIGS

- 9) *William Henry Harrison* (1841)
10) *John Tyler* (1841-1845)
12) *Zachary Taylor* (1849-1850)
13) *Millard Fillmore* (1850-1853)

The refusal of the WHIGS to make a stand
on the issue of slavery ruins them.

Out of the ashes arises the:

REPUBLICANS (Same as Today)

- 16) *Abraham Lincoln* (1861-1865)

- Polk runs on "Annex Texas" policy
11) *James K. Polk* (1845-1849)

- 14) *Franklin Pierce* (1853-1857)
15) *James Buchanan* (1857-1861)

The Republican's anti-slavery stand and the Democratic split-ticket of Southern Democrats and Northern Democrats throws the election to Abraham Lincoln; and the nation into a Civil War.