1. **Major issues of dispute in drafting the Constitution**
   1. **Basis for representation of the states**
      1. **Virginia plan**
      2. **New Jersey plan**
      3. **Great Compromise**
   2. **Disputes between North and South over slaves**
      1. **The three-fifths compromise**
      2. **No ban of African slave trade until 1808**
   3. **Women's rights not addressed**
   4. **Congress to control naturalization**
2. **Principles incorporated into the Constitution**
   1. **Separation of powers**
   2. **Nature of the office of president**
   3. **Nature of the judicial branch**
   4. **Examples of countervailing forces in the government**
   5. **The amendment process**
   6. **Ratification provisions**

**The fight for ratification**

1. **Federalists vs. Anti-Federalists**
2. **Charles Beard's argument for economic motivation of the delegates**
3. **Arguments of The Federalist for ratification**
4. **Views of Federalists and Anti-Federalists**
5. **The pattern of ratification**
   1. **Several smaller states acted first**
   2. **Massachusetts the first close vote**
   3. **New Hampshire was ninth state**
   4. **New York and Virginia approve**
6. **Plans for transition to a new government**
7. **Constitution has proved flexible and resilient**

**Organizing the new government**

1. **America in 1789**
2. **The convening of Congress**
3. **The first president**
4. **Structure of the government**
   1. **Cabinet posts and appointments**
   2. **Court system**
5. **Bill of Rights added to the Constitution**
6. **Revenue for the government**
   1. **Import and tonnage duties**
   2. **North-South divisions over tariff policy**

**Hamilton's vision of America**

1. **Hamilton's background**
2. **Hamilton's views on government and the economy**
3. **The Reports on Public Credit**
   1. **Funding and assumption of the debt**
   2. **Proposal for an excise tax on liquor**
   3. **Proposal for a national bank and mint**
4. **Reactions to Hamilton's credit proposals**
   1. **Concern about rewarding speculators**
   2. **Sectional differences**
   3. **Compromise solution---relocation of the capital**
5. **Hamilton's plan for a national bank**
   1. **Advantages and functions of a bank**
   2. **Controversy over its constitutionality**
   3. **Hamilton wins Washington's approval**
6. **Hamilton's Report on Manufactures**
   1. **Advantages of governmental development of manufacturing**
   2. **Techniques to promote manufacturing**
   3. **Reactions to the proposals**
7. **The success of Hamilton's programs**

**Development of political parties**

1. **Madison's and Jefferson's general reactions**
2. **Jefferson's and Hamilton's views compared**
3. **Development of party support**

**Crises foreign and domestic**

1. **Foreign affairs**
   1. **Impact of the French Revolution**
   2. **Washington's neutrality proclamation**
   3. **Actions of Citizen Genet**
   4. **Americans divide over support for Britain or France**
2. **Jay's Treaty**
   1. **Jay's instructions**
   2. **Terms accepted by Jay**
   3. **Public reactions to the treaty**
   4. **Congressional reaction**
   5. **Washington reluctantly signs the treaty**
3. **The Battle of Fallen Timbers**
4. **Whiskey Rebellion**
   1. **Basis for the rebellion**
   2. **Army sent to disperse the rebellion**
   3. **Effects of the incident**
5. **Pinckney's Treaty**
   1. **Issues with Spain**
   2. **Terms of the treaty**
6. **Westward**
   1. **Daniel Boone**
   2. **Pioneer life**
7. **Washington's farewell**
   1. **Summary of his achievements as president**
   2. **General principles of the Farewell Address**

**The Adams administration**

1. **Election of 1796**
   1. **Candidates**
   2. **Outcome of the election**
2. **Adams the man**
3. **Troubles with France**
   1. **French interference with American shipping**
   2. **The XYZ Affair**
   3. **Creation of a navy and the beginning of an undeclared war**
   4. **Organization of a new army**
4. **The Alien and Sedition Acts**
   1. **The war worsens party divisions**
   2. **Terms and purposes of the acts**
   3. **Arrests and prosecutions**
   4. **Kentucky and Virginia Resolutions**

**Election of 1800**

1. **Candidates**
2. **Outcome of the election**
3. **Packing the judiciary**
4. **The election as a turning point in American political history**

CHAPTER9

CHAPTER 9: THE EARLY REPUBLIC

Chapter Outline

The new republic

1. Westward migrations
2. Upsurge in black freedom
3. General economic trends

The new federal city

Jefferson in office

1. The "Revolution of 1800"
2. Jefferson and the judiciary
   1. Repeal of the Judiciary Act of 1801
   2. Importance of the Marbury v. Madison ruling
   3. Impeachment of justices
3. Conflicts with Federalist policies
   1. Acceptance of the national bank
   2. Repeal of excise taxes
   3. Sources of good revenue
   4. Land policies
   5. Treatment of army and navy
   6. Foreign slave trade outlawed
4. Conflict with the Barbary pirates
   1. Causes
   2. United States actions
5. The Louisiana Purchase
   1. Interest in the territory
   2. Negotiating the purchase
   3. Constitutional issues
   4. Ratification and aftermath
6. Exploring the continent
   1. Lewis and Clark
   2. "Corps of Discovery"
7. Political schemes of the Federalist camp
   1. Thomas Pickering and the Essex Junto
   2. Burr's duel with Hamilton
   3. 1804 election

Republican divisions

1. Emergence of the Old Republicans
2. The Burr conspiracy
   1. Burr's background and character
   2. Burr's excursion
   3. Treason trial
   4. Burr's later life

War in Europe

1. Napoléon's victories
2. Harassment of shipping by Britain and France
   1. Mutual blockades
   2. Impressment
3. The Jefferson Embargo
   1. Nature of the act
   2. Impact
   3. Opposition and repeal
4. Madison and Clinton elected in 1808
5. The drift toward war
   1. Non-Intercourse Act
   2. Macon's Bill No. 2
   3. Intrigues with Britain and France over the trade restrictions

The War of 1812

1. Causes
   1. Demand for neutral rights-Impressment issue
   2. Geographical distribution of war sentiment
      1. Farming regions and shippers
      2. Indian attacks
      3. Desire for new land in Florida and Canada
   3. Tecumseh
      1. Objectives
      2. The Battle of Tippecanoe
   4. The war hawks
2. Preparations for war
   1. Banking problems
   2. Problems with building an army
   3. State of the navy
3. War in the North
   1. Three-pronged strategy failed
   2. Perry's exploits on Lake Erie
   3. Harrison's victory at Battle of the Thames
4. Invasions at Washington and Baltimore
5. Battle of New Orleans
6. Treaty of Ghent
7. The Hartford Convention
   1. Composition
   2. Consequences
8. Aftermath of the war
   1. Inspired patriotism and nationalism

CHAPTER 10: NATIONALISM AND SECTIONALISM

Economic nationalism

1. Impact of the War of 1812 on nationalism
   1. Impact on the economy
   2. Call for a stronger national government
2. The Bank of the United States
   1. Effects of the expiration of the national bank in 1811
   2. Proposal for a new national bank
   3. The bank's supporters and opponents
3. Protective tariff
   1. Changing sectional attitudes
4. Internal improvements
   1. Call for constitutional amendment
   2. Building the National Road
5. Clay's American System

An era of "Good Feelings"

1. James Monroe characterized

Diplomatic developments

1. Rush-Bagot Agreement of 1817
2. Convention of 1818
   1. Northern boundary of Louisiana Purchase
   2. Joint occupation of Oregon
3. Acquisition of Florida
   1. Spain's powerlessness in Florida
   2. Jackson sent on campaign against the Seminoles
   3. The Transcontinental Treaty

Crisis and compromise

1. Panic of 1819
   1. Speculative binge
   2. Easy credit
   3. State banks lent beyond their means
   4. Bank of the United States added to speculative mania
   5. Wildcat banks forced to maintain specie reserves
2. The Missouri Compromise
   1. Balance of slave and free states
   2. Tallmadge resolution relating to Missouri slavery
   3. Compromise to admit Missouri
      1. Maine and Missouri balanced each other
      2. Slavery excluded in the northern Louisiana Purchase

Judicial nationalism

1. John Marshall's leadership
2. Cases asserting judicial review
   1. Marbury v. Madison (1803)
   2. Fletcher v. Peck (1810)
3. Protection of contract rights in Dartmouth College v. Woodward (1819)
4. Curbing state powers in McCulloch v. Maryland (1819)
5. National supremacy in commerce in Gibbons v. Ogden (1824)

Nationalist diplomacy

1. Negotiating Russia out of Oregon
2. The Monroe Doctrine
   1. Impact of Napoleonic wars on Latin America
   2. The Monroe Doctrine asserted
   3. Reactions to the doctrine

One-party politics

1. The candidates in 1824
2. Outcome
3. Charges of "Corrupt Bargain"

Presidency of John Quincy Adams

1. Adams's character and plans
2. Adams's mistakes
   1. Demeaning voters
   2. Conjuring notions of a royal family
   3. Tariff of 1828
      1. Provisions
      2. Calhoun's proposal to defeat a tariff increase
      3. Calhoun's protest

Election of 1828

1. Opposition to Jackson
2. His appeal to different groups
3. Extensions of suffrage in the states
4. Other domestic trends
5. Outcome

CHAPTER 11: THE JACKSONIAN IMPULSE

A new era

1. Population and economic growth
2. Shift from local to national and international markets
3. A democratized society

Jackson the man

1. A violent upbringing
2. A combative temperament
3. Jackson's presidential agenda

The Jacksonian presidency

1. Nature of appointments
2. Political rivalry between Van Buren and Calhoun
3. The Peggy Eaton affair

Policies of conflict with Calhoun

1. Internal improvements
   1. Jackson's veto of the Maysville Road Bill, 1830
   2. Attitude toward other internal improvements
2. The nullification issue
   1. South Carolina's concern about the tariff
   2. Calhoun's theory of nullification
   3. The Webster-Hayne Debate
      1. Original issue of the debate
      2. Views of Hayne and Webster
   4. Jackson's toast at the Jefferson Day Dinner

The nullification crisis

1. The tariff problem
2. South Carolina's actions of nullification
3. Jackson's response
   1. Nullification Proclamation
   2. Troop reinforcements
   3. Force Bill
   4. Lowering the tariff
4. Resolution of the crisis-who won?

Jackson's Indian policy

1. Jackson's attitude
2. Indian Removal Act and treaties
3. Cherokees' Trail of Tears
   1. Georgia's legal actions against the Indians
   2. Supreme Court rulings
   3. Jackson's reaction
   4. Cherokee removal

The bank controversy

1. The bank's opponents
2. Jackson's views
3. Biddle's effort to recharter
4. Jackson's grounds for veto
5. The election of 1832
   1. Innovations of the Anti-Masonic party
   2. National conventions of the National Republicans and the Democrats
   3. Results of the election
6. Jackson's removal of deposits
   1. Basis for his actions
   2. Changes in the secretary of the Treasury
   3. Removals to pet banks
7. Economic reaction to the removal
   1. Contraction of credit in Biddle's bank
   2. Speculative binge
   3. Increase in land sales
   4. State indebtedness
8. Bursting the bubble
   1. Distribution Act
   2. Specie Circular
   3. International complications
      1. Specie from Britain, France, and Mexico
      2. Decrease in British investments
   4. Banks in crisis

Van Buren and the new party system

1. Emergence of the Whigs
   1. Sources of support
   2. Whig philosophy
2. Van Buren the Democratic nominee
3. Whig candidates
4. The 1836 election

Van Buren's administration

1. Van Buren characterized as the Little Magician
2. The Panic of 1837
   1. Causes and effects
   2. Government reaction
3. Proposal for an independent treasury
   1. Basis for the concept
   2. Passage in 1840
4. Other issues of the times
   1. Slavery in the District of Columbia
   2. The northern boundary

The election of 1840

1. The Whigs pick Harrison
2. Nature of the campaign
3. Results of the election

Assessing the Jacksonian years

1. Voter participation increased
2. Historical interpretations
3. A closing assessment